

# UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

Title of Invention

METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR DISPLAYING AN IMAGE INSTEAD OF DATA

Named Inventor(s)

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## APPLICATION ELEMENTS

1. ☒ Fee Transmittal Form  
(Submit an original, and a duplicate for fee processing)
2. ☐ Applicant claims small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27.
3. ☒ Specification, Claims, and Abstract Total Pages 23
4. ☒ Drawings Total Sheets 10
5. Oath or Declaration Total Pages 4
  - a. ☒ Newly executed (original or copy)
  - b. ☐ Copy from prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d))  
(for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed)
    - (i) ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)  
Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application, see 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).
6. ☐ Application Data Sheet. See 37 CFR 1.76.
7. ☐ CD-ROM or CD-R in duplicate, large table or Computer Program (Appendix)
8. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission (if applicable, all necessary)
  - a. ☐ Computer Readable Form (CRF)
  - b. Specification Sequence Listing on:
    - i. ☐ CD-ROM or CD-R (2 copies); or
    - ii. ☐ paper
  - c. ☐ Statement verifying identity of above copies

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ADDRESS TO: Box Patent Application  
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## ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

9. ☒ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))
10. ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement  
(when there is an assignee)
  - ☐ Power of Attorney by assignee
11. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)
12. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)  
PTO-1449
  - ☐ Copies of IDS Citations
13. ☐ Preliminary Amendment
14. ☒ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503)  
(Should be specifically itemized)
15. ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
16. ☒ Other: checks \$710, \$40

17. If a **CONTINUING APPLICATION**, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information:

☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No:  
Prior application information: Examiner: Group/Art Unit:

For CONTINUATION OR DIVISIONAL APPS only The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 5b, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying continuation or divisional application and is hereby incorporated by reference The incorporation can only be relied upon when a portion has been inadvertently omitted from the submitted application parts.

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This sheet accompanies a patent application transmittal for the following application:

Inventor(s): Jeffrey R. Aamodt, David E. Levin, Darius Snapkauskas, Brett A. Bentsen  
Filing Date: 11/01/00  
Title: Method and System for Displaying an Image Instead of Data

The filing fee is calculated as shown below:

**1. FILING FEE:**

FOR:	SMALL ENTITY		LARGE ENTITY	
	FEE	FEE PAID	FEE	FEE PAID
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UTILITY FILING FEE	\$355		\$710	710
<input type="checkbox"/> DESIGN FILING FEE	\$160		\$320	
<input type="checkbox"/> PLANT FILING FEE	\$245		\$490	
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<input type="checkbox"/> PROVISIONAL FILING FEE	\$75		\$150	
SUBTOTAL (1)		\$xxx		\$710

**2. CLAIMS:**

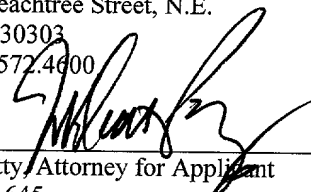
FOR:	SMALL ENTITY			LARGE ENTITY		
	NO. FILED	NO. EXTRA	RATE	FEE	RATE	FEE
TOTAL CLAIMS	19 - 20 =	0	x 9 =		x 18 =	0
INDEP. CLAIMS	2 - 3 =	0	x 40 =		x 80 =	0
<input type="checkbox"/> MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM PRESENTED			+135 =		+270 =	0
SUBTOTAL (2)				\$xxx		\$0

**3. ADDITIONAL FEES:**

FOR:	SMALL ENTITY		LARGE ENTITY	
	FEE	FEE PAID	FEE	FEE PAID
<input type="checkbox"/> LATE FILING, FEE OR OATH	\$65		\$130	
<input type="checkbox"/> NON-ENGLISH SPECIFICATION	\$130		\$130	
<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER				
SUBTOTAL (3)		\$xxx		\$-0-

**TOTAL FILING FEES:** \$ 710A check is enclosed for the total amount: \$ 710☐ Charge any additional fees required under 37 C.F.R. 1.16 or 1.17 to Deposit Account 11-0980.

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## Method and System for Displaying an Image instead of Data

### 5    Technical Field

The present invention relates to the display of information in a project status report. More specifically, the invention relates to displaying an image in place of data, based on user-defined criteria, to assist the quick visual analysis of data.

### 10   Background of the Invention

As computer programs have advanced in the project management field, color-coded project status reporting has been used to provide quick and easy visual identification of data highlighting or categorization. Although this has made information more identifiable, the options have been limited. Color-coded project status reporting has only allowed a user to display pre-defined images. Conventional systems do not allow the user to customize the visual representation of data.

"Stoplight reports" or other color-coded project status reports typically show a green indicator for items on track, a yellow indicator for items at risk, and a red indicator for items in trouble. These color-coded reporting options do not offer the user any control in defining data categories, adding more categories, or displaying different colors or types of images. Prior stoplight reports have not allowed a user to associate indicators with different types of data, such as showing a purple flag for employees whose last name begins with A to G, a yellow bubble for ages between 30 and 65, and a blue smiley face for U.S. citizens.

In view of the foregoing, there is a current need in the art to replace a presentation of numeric and textual data, which takes significant mental analysis to evaluate, with quickly recognizable visual images for identifying status, trends, or groupings. There is also a current need for a customizable ability to visually identify data in a variety of ways.

### Summary of the Invention

The present invention solves the above problems by displaying graphical indicators instead of text or numeric data based on user-defined conditions. By representing data with an

image, graphical indicators can provide quick and easy visual identification of data highlighting or categorization chosen by the user. This invention can replace numeric and textual data, which typically requires significant mental analysis to evaluate, with quickly recognizable graphical indicators for identifying status, trends, or groupings. The user can specify conditions for displaying graphical indicators instead of numeric or text data by defining test parameters and replacement images.

The graphical indicators can be images that are pre-assigned (as part of specifying the conditions) and then dynamically applied based on the underlying text or numeric data value. Graphical indicators can allow the user to visually represent data types or categories with graphics, based on the user's conditions. Different conditions can be specified for a given data field and each condition can be associated with a particular graphical indicator. Prioritized processing of data conditions can allow for complex control of which indicator will be displayed to visually represent the data. When the underlying data in a field changes, the criteria can be reapplied and the field dynamically updated to the appropriate indicator.

In one aspect, the present invention can use graphical indicators to visually represent data items, such as project status (e.g., items ahead of, on track, or behind schedule or budget), grouping of tasks or resources, flagging of significant items, etc., in the project management field.

Because a hierarchical arrangement of tasks and resources is often used in the project management field, the invention can allow different criteria and indicators to be specified at a nonsummary level, a summary level, and a project summary level. The lowest level in the task hierarchy is nonsummary tasks or subtasks and the lowest level in the resource hierarchy is nonsummary resources. Criteria that applies to the lowest level in the hierarchy is nonsummary criteria. The intermediate levels in the task hierarchy are summary tasks and the intermediate levels in the resource hierarchy are summary resources. Criteria that is applied at all intermediate levels in the hierarchy is summary criteria. The top level in the task hierarchy is the project summary task. Criteria that is applied at the top level in the hierarchy is project summary criteria.

If the user hovers a mouse pointer over an indicator icon, a pop-up dialog box, such as a "ToolTip" can be displayed to show the underlying data value.

The present invention can include a user interface (UI), a graphical indicator engine (engine), and a display. The UI can accept graphical indicator conditions from the user. The UI can also validate the user conditions and convert these into condition structures. The engine can store the condition structures and the associated graphical indicator IDs, and can also match the user conditions with the graphical indicator IDs. The display can determine if a graphical indicator should be displayed, look up the graphical indicator that matches the graphical indicator ID, and paint the graphical indicator on the display screen.

More specifically described, the UI can accept graphical indicator conditions specified by the user. Next, the UI can validate the user conditions to confirm that the data type of the user-entered condition is compatible with the data type of the custom field. The UI can convert the user conditions into condition structures that coordinate information on the user conditions and the graphical indicator IDs. The engine can store the condition structures in a local data storage. The display can accept pre-existing data, determine if a graphical indicator matches the condition for this data, and display either text data or a graphical indicator based on this comparison.

The aforementioned advantages of the invention, as well as additional advantages thereof, are more fully described by the detailed description of exemplary embodiments and the accompanying drawings.

### **Brief Description of the Drawings**

**FIG. 1** is a block diagram of a personal computer that provides an operating environment for an exemplary embodiment of the present invention.

**FIG. 2** is a functional block diagram illustrating an exemplary embodiment which can report actions between a UI, a display, and an engine.

**FIG. 3** is a flow diagram illustrating an overview of an exemplary method for displaying a graphical indicator instead of data based on user-defined conditions.

**FIG. 4** is a flow diagram illustrating a method for obtaining graphical indicator conditions and graphical indicator choices in accordance with an exemplary embodiment of the present invention.

**FIG. 5** is a flow diagram illustrating a method for validating data in accordance with an exemplary embodiment of the present invention.

**FIG. 6** is a flow diagram illustrating a method for displaying values in each cell as either text data or as a graphical indicator in accordance with an exemplary embodiment of the present invention.

**FIG. 7** is a screen display illustrating a Customize Fields dialog box in accordance with an exemplary embodiment of the present invention.

**FIGs. 8 - 9** are screen displays illustrating Graphical Indicators dialog boxes in accordance with an exemplary embodiment of the present invention.

**FIG. 10** is a screen display showing a project management grid in accordance with an exemplary embodiment of the present invention.

### Detailed Description of Exemplary Embodiments

The present invention provides a method and system for displaying graphical indicators, instead of data, based on user-defined conditions. By representing data with an image, graphical indicators provide quick and easy visual identification of whatever data highlighting or categorization the user chooses. This invention takes numeric and textual data, which requires significant mental analysis to evaluate, and replaces the data with quickly recognizable graphical indicators for identifying status, trends, or groupings. The user can specify conditions for displaying graphical indicators instead of actual data by defining test parameters, values, and images.

**FIG. 1** is a block diagram of a personal computer that provides an exemplary operating environment. **FIG. 2** is a block diagram illustrating internal objects. **FIGs. 3 - 6** are flow diagrams illustrating exemplary methods for displaying graphical indicators, instead of data, based on user-defined conditions. **FIGs. 7 - 10** are screen displays illustrating an exemplary embodiment of the current invention.

Although an exemplary embodiment will be generally described in the context of a client program module and an operating system running on a personal computer, those skilled in the art will recognize that the present invention also can be implemented in conjunction with other program modules for other types of computers. Furthermore, those skilled in the art will recognize that the present invention may be implemented in a stand-alone or in a distributed computing environment. In a distributed computing environment, program modules may be physically located in different local and remote memory storage devices. Execution of the

program modules may occur locally in a stand-alone manner or remotely in a client/server manner. Examples of such distributed computing environments include local area networks of an office, enterprise-wide computer networks, and the global Internet.

Referring now to the drawings, in which like numerals represent like elements throughout the several figures, aspects of the present invention and an exemplary operating environment will be described.

**FIG. 1** illustrates various aspects of an exemplary computing environment in which the present invention is designed to operate. Those skilled in the art will immediately appreciate that **FIG. 1** and the associated discussion are intended to provide a brief, general description of an exemplary computer hardware and program modules, and that additional information is readily available in the appropriate programming manuals, user's guides, and similar publications.

**FIG. 1** illustrates a conventional personal computer **10** suitable for supporting the operation of an exemplary embodiment of the present invention. As shown in **FIG. 1**, the personal computer **10** operates in a networked environment with logical connections to a remote computer **11**. The logical connections between the personal computer **10** and the remote computer **11** are represented by a local area network **12** and a wide area network **13**. Those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that in this client/server configuration, the remote computer **11** may function as a file server or computer server.

The personal computer **10** includes a central processing unit (CPU) **14**. The personal computer also includes system memory **15**, including read only memory (ROM) **16** and random access memory (RAM) **17**, which is connected to the CPU **14** by a system bus **18**. An exemplary computer **10** utilizes a BIOS **19**, which is stored in ROM **16**. Those skilled in the art will recognize that the BIOS **19** is a set of basic routines that helps to transfer information between elements within the personal computer **10**. Those skilled in the art will also appreciate that the present invention may be implemented on computers having other architectures, such as computers that do not use a BIOS, and those that utilize other microprocessors.

Within the personal computer **10**, a local hard disk drive **20** is connected to the system bus **18** via a hard disk drive interface **21**. A floppy disk drive **22**, which is used to read or write a floppy disk **23**, is connected to the system bus **18** via a floppy disk drive interface **24**. A CD-ROM or DVD drive **25**, which is used to read a CD-ROM or DVD disk **26**, is connected to the system bus **18** via a CD-ROM or DVD interface **27**. A user enters commands and information

into the personal computer 10 by using input devices, such as a keyboard 28 and/or pointing device, such as a mouse 29, which are connected to the system bus 18 via a serial port interface 30. Other types of pointing devices (not shown in FIG. 1) include track pads, track balls, pens, head trackers, data gloves and other devices suitable for positioning a cursor on a computer monitor 31. The monitor 31 or other kind of display device is connected to the system bus 18 via a video adapter 32.

The remote computer 11 in this networked environment is connected to a remote memory storage device 33. This remote memory storage device 33 is typically a large capacity device such as a hard disk drive, CD-ROM or DVD drive, magneto-optical drive or the like. The personal computer 10 is connected to the remote computer 11 by a network interface 34, which is used to communicate over the local area network 12.

As shown in FIG. 1, the personal computer 10 is also connected to the remote computer 11 by a modem 35, which is used to communicate over the wide area network 13, such as the Internet. The modem 35 is connected to the system bus 18 via the serial port interface 30. The modem 35 also can be connected to the public switched telephone network (PSTN) or community antenna television (CATV) network. Although illustrated in FIG. 1 as external to the personal computer 10, those of ordinary skill in the art will quickly recognize that the modem 35 may also be internal to the personal computer 11, thus communicating directly via the system bus 18. It is important to note that connection to the remote computer 11 via both the local area network 12 and the wide area network 13 is not required, but merely illustrates alternative methods of providing a communication path between the personal computer 10 and the remote computer 11.

Although other internal components of the personal computer 10 are not shown, those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that such components and the interconnection between them are well known. Accordingly, additional details concerning the internal construction of the personal computer 10 need not be disclosed in connection with the present invention.

Those skilled in the art will understand that an operating system 36 and one or more program modules, such as a graphical indicator program 37, are provided to the personal computer 10 via computer-readable media. In an exemplary computer, the computer-readable media include the local or remote memory storage devices, which may include the local hard disk drive 20, floppy disk 23, CD-ROM or DVD 26, RAM 17, ROM 16, and the remote memory



storage device 33. In an exemplary personal computer 10, the local hard disk drive 20 is used to store data and program modules, including the operating system 36 and a graphical indicator program 37.

The focus of the graphical indicator program 37, which converts data into graphical indicators, is described below in connection with FIGs. 2-10. In an exemplary embodiment, the graphical indicators are used for project management in planning, monitoring, and controlling the development of a particular undertaking. The product management information is usually listed in a grid or spreadsheet comprising rows and columns to display project items and status. In an exemplary embodiment, three task types (nonsummary, summary, project summary) are used for a task field and two resource types (nonsummary, summary) are used for a resource field. The task types are similar to an outline structure, where the project summary is at the top level (by itself), a summary is any interim level, and a nonsummary is a low level task representing a base level. The resource types are also similar to an outline structure, where the summary is at the interim or top level, and the nonsummary is at the base level. A task field is an individual unit of work that is part of the total work needed to accomplish a project. A resource field is personnel, equipment, materials, or a service needed to complete a task in a project.

The graphical indicators can be images that are pre-assigned (as part of specifying the conditions) and then dynamically applied based on the underlying text or numeric data value. Graphical indicators allow the user to visually represent any type of data graphically, based on the user's own conditions. Graphical indicators give the user control in defining data categories, adding more categories (e.g. items ahead of schedule), or displaying different colors or types of images. A user can specify that a particular graphical indicator be displayed in a field of the grid based on whether the corresponding data is an exact value, other than an exact value, within a range of values, or outside a range of values. Different conditions can be specified for a given field and each condition can be associated with a particular graphical indicator. Prioritized processing of these criteria against the data allows for more complex control of which indicator will be displayed. Whenever the underlying data in a field changes, the criteria can be reapplied and the field dynamically updated to the appropriate indicator.

For example, the user can associate images with numbers, dates, phrases, states, or any other categorization of the data, and these images can be tied to either specific values or data

ranges (e.g., show a purple flag of employees whose last name begins with "A" to "G", a yellow flag for names beginning with "H" to "Y", and a blue flag just for names that begin with "Z"). The result is a customizable interface that can be used to visually identify data in a variety of ways.

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### **The Internal Objects**

Turning now to **FIG. 2**, exemplary embodiments of the present invention are described. **FIG. 2** is a functional block diagram illustrating an exemplary display system **200** comprising a user interface (UI) **250**, a display **220**, and an engine **210**. The UI **250** accepts the user conditions and graphical indicator choices from the user and validates the conditions for the graphical indicators. The UI **250** also converts the user conditions into condition structures and passes the condition structures to the engine **210**. The engine **210** includes a memory storage **215** to store the condition structures and the associated graphical indicator IDs. The display **220** determines if an indicator should be displayed in place of data based on a condition assigned to the data field. Once the display **220** determines that a graphical indicator should be displayed, the display **220** asks the engine **210** to compare the data value against the condition structures. The engine **210** compares each graphical indicator condition to the data to find a match and returns the associated graphical indicator ID to the display **220**. The display **220** includes a memory storage, such as a cache **225**, to look-up the graphical indicator that matches the ID and paints the graphical indicator in the place of the data on the display screen.

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### **The Flow Diagrams**

**FIG. 3** is flow diagram illustrating the overview of an exemplary method for displaying a graphical indicator instead of data based on user-defined conditions. In step **305**, the UI **250** receives graphical indicator conditions and graphical indicator choices from the user. In step **310**, the data is validated. In step **315**, user-entered text is converted into condition structures. In step **320**, the engine **210** stores the condition structures and associated graphical indicator IDs. In step **325**, the display **220** displays values in each cell as either text data or as a graphical indicator. The graphical indicator displayed by the display **220** is based on the indicator ID returned from the engine **210**.

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**FIG. 4** is a flow diagram illustrating exemplary tasks completed by the UI **250** to accept graphical indicator conditions, as set forth in step **305** of **FIG. 3**. In step **405**, a request to set graphical indicator conditions is received by the UI **250**. In step **410**, the possible user options are displayed. In step **415**, the engine **210** is queried to find if it has existing condition structures for the field. If the answer to the inquiry in step **415** is yes, the existing condition structures are translated into text as set forth in step **420**. Text is displayed for existing conditions by the UI **250** in step **425**. At this point, the user is asked if he is done entering or changing conditions as set forth in step **430**. If the answer to step **415** is no, the process skips to step **430** to determine whether the user is done entering or changing graphical indicator conditions. If the answer to step **430** is no, text for new or modified conditions is accepted and text for deleted conditions is removed in step **435**. If the answer to step **430** is yes, the process moves to step **310** of **FIG. 3**.

**FIG. 5** is a flow diagram illustrating exemplary tasks for validating data as set forth in step **310** of **FIG. 3**. The graphical indicator condition data entered by the user is validated in step **505**. The condition data typically comprises test data for custom field values and corresponding image data. In step **510**, an inquiry is conducted to determine whether an error was found in response to completing a validation of the condition data. If the answer to step **510** is yes, then the UI **250** is redisplayed, highlighting conditions containing errors as set forth in step **515**. If the answer to step **510** is no, the user-entered condition data is translated into condition structures in step **315** of **FIG. 3**. The condition structures consist of separate records, each having a binary tree and an indicator ID. The binary tree represents the relationship between the custom field, the test data, and the value data. This tree is used by the engine **210** to find the appropriate graphical indicator image for the user-provided data.

The data is validated as set forth in steps **505 - 515** for the test data, the value data, and the image ID value data. First, the test data is validated. The test data is a string and must be equal to a predefined compare operation, such as "equals" or "is within". If the entered test data is not equal to one of the predefined compare operation strings, the UI **250** reports the problem and stops data validation.

Next, the value data is validated. The value data is a field name or data. If the value data is a field name, the field type must be the same as the custom field for which the criteria is being entered. If the value data is data, the data type must be the same as the data type of the custom

field. If the value data does not meet these conditions, the UI **250** reports the problem and stops data validation.

Finally, the image data is validated. This image data must be a number and be equal to one of the predefined indicator image IDs. In the UI **250**, the user picks from a list of images or the user enters a number that corresponds to an image. In an exemplary embodiment comprising 64 images, the images are numbered 1 to 64, and the blank image is numbered 0, so the ID number must be greater than or equal to 0 and less than or equal to 64. If the image data is outside of this range, the UI **250** does not accept the value.

**FIG. 6** is a flow diagram illustrating exemplary tasks for displaying values in each cell as either text data or as a graphical indicator as set forth in step **325** of **FIG. 3**. In this process, the display **220** walks through the rows and columns in a grid, determines if any data elements have a graphical indicator flag, looks-up the graphical indicator ID, and displays the graphical indicator.

In step **610**, the display **220** determines if there are any rows in the displayed data. If there are no rows, the process ends. If there are rows, the display **220** proceeds to step **615** to determine if there are more columns in the current row. If there are no more columns, the display **220** returns to step **610** and repeats the above process for the remaining rows until there are no more rows. If there are more columns, the display **220** determines whether a graphical indicator flag cache exists in step **620**. This cache is used to temporarily save data about custom fields with graphical indicators. The cache is implemented as an array of bits, where each bit represents a visible field in the display sheet. If a field has graphical indicators associated with it, the appropriate bit in the cache is set to 1, otherwise the bit is set to 0.

If a cache does not already exist, a cache is created and filled in step **625**. Once the cache is created and filled, or if the cache already exists, the display **220** determines whether a graphical indicator flag is set for the current value in step **630**. To determine if the field has graphical indicators, the display **220** asks the cache if the appropriate bit is set to 0 or 1 and, if it is set to 1, operations are performed to display the graphical indicator instead of the data in the display sheet. If the bit in the cache is set to 0, the display **220** proceeds to step **635** and displays the data as a text/numeric value. The process then continues to step **615** to process any remaining columns.

If the bit in the cache is set to 1 in step 630, an inquiry is conducted in step 636 to determine if the current record is a task or resource field. If the record is a task, then the display 220 proceeds to step 640 and gets the task type. If the record is a resource, then the display 220 proceeds to step 637 and gets the resource type. For the project management example, there are three possible task record types per field: a project summary task, a summary task, or a nonsummary task. There are two possible resource types: a summary resource or a nonsummary resource. If the task type is a project summary, then the project summary graphical indicator conditions are obtained in step 645. If the task or resource type is a summary, then the summary graphical indicator conditions are obtained in step 650. If the task or resource type is a nonsummary, then the nonsummary graphical indicator conditions are obtained in step 655. These conditions can be the conditions that the user set-up to correspond to determined graphical indicators.

In step 660, if there are no conditions, the engine 210 returns an ID of 0 in step 665, which means that there is not a graphical indicator for the data. In this case, the process will skip to step 680 and a blank cell will be displayed. If there is another condition, the engine 210 compares the value from the display 220 against the graphical indicator condition in step 670. If there is a match, the engine 210 can go to step 675. If there is no match, the engine 210 asks if there are more conditions and repeats the comparison step until the engine 210 gets a match or until there are no more conditions, as set forth in step 660.

In step 675, the engine 210 returns the graphical indicator ID associated with the graphical indicator condition based on the match. In step 680, the display 220 looks up the graphical indicator that matches the ID and paints the graphical indicator. If the ID is 0, an empty cell, or blank indicator is painted.

The process above is continued for the remaining rows, and the remaining columns in those rows.

### **The Screen Displays**

In an exemplary embodiment of the present invention, the user can input graphical indicator conditions for project management tasks. For a representative project management example, the conditions will test if spending on project tasks is within-budget or over-budget, and will provide graphical indicators that indicate the task status. For example, the spending is

within-budget if the actual cost is  $<$  or  $=$  \$500.00. For within-budget spending, the user will choose to display a smiley face indicator instead of the actual cost amount. The spending is over-budget if the actual cost is  $>$  \$500.00. For over-budget spending, the user will choose to display a frowny face indicator instead of the actual cost amount.

To illustrate the operation of this exemplary embodiment, we will assume that the user has a project management file that contains a list of tasks with actual cost data entered into various fields. This information will be in a grid format where each field represents one column of one row. We also assume that the project is underway and various tasks have been completed and the actual cost results have been entered.

**FIG. 7** is a screen display illustrating an exemplary "Customize Fields" dialog box **700** for the above project management example. This dialog box **700** displays the project management field information needed to use the graphical indicators. This dialog box **700** allows the user to define the way that data is displayed in a field or to identify a location in a record in which a particular type of data is stored. For example, the dialog box **700** provides custom fields where the user can specify custom properties for those fields. The dialog box **700** comprises a task option **705**, a resource option **710**, a field type **730**, and a graphical indicators option **725**.

Referring to **FIG. 7**, a user can choose from two types of fields: task **705** and resource **710**. A task **705** is an individual unit of work that is part of the total work needed to accomplish a project. A resource **710** is personnel, equipment, materials, or a service needed to complete a task in a project. The different field types **730** for the task and resource fields include cost, date, duration, finish, flag, number, outline, code, start, and text. In an exemplary embodiment, a user can choose Number1 **720** as one of the task fields. The rename option **715** is used to rename the Number1 task field "School Cost" for the representative example above. One of the options under the customize fields dialogue box is the graphical indicators option **725**. The user chooses this option **725** to allow the use of graphical indicators in the "School Cost" custom field in the representative example.

**FIG. 8** is a screen display showing the summary user-entered conditions for the above project management example. This "Graphical Indicators" dialog box **800** can be used to specify conditions for displaying graphical indicators in place of actual data values. In the representative example, the user can choose the graphical indicators option **725** after he selects the task field of

"School Cost" **720** as set forth in **FIG. 7**. The user then sees the dialog box **800** and can enter indicator criteria for nonsummary rows for the representative example. The user can specify the test **805**, values **810**, and images **815** to be used. For data that meets the test conditions, the corresponding graphical indicator can be displayed.

5       The indicator criteria choices allow the user to enter the conditions for displaying the graphical indicators in different levels. In an exemplary embodiment, there are three criteria levels for project management information: nonsummary **820**, summary **825**, and project summary **840**.

10       The first indicator criteria comprises the nonsummary rows **820**. This option allows the user to enter conditions for displaying graphical indicators for nonsummary tasks or resources.

      The second indicator criteria comprises the summary rows **825**. This option allows the user to enter conditions for displaying graphical indicators for summary rows. This can include both summary tasks and temporary grouping summaries for task custom fields or just temporary grouping summaries for resource custom fields.

15       The checkbox for "Summary rows inherit criteria from nonsummary rows" **830** determines whether the same set of indicators and test criteria that apply to the nonsummary task or resources will be applied to the summary rows and group headers. This component allows the user to copy criteria from somewhere else instead of re-entering the criteria. This checkbox **830** can be checked by default, so any nonsummary criteria can be automatically copied. If the checkbox **830** is checked, the grid and buttons are disabled.

20       If the checkbox is cleared, the grid and buttons can be enabled. Once the grid and buttons are enabled, any existing criteria can remain, but can be freely edited or deleted. Turning the inheritance option on again can re-copy any data from the nonsummary rows grid and overwrite the current lists, consequently an alert can be displayed when the user actually checks the checkbox and the grid is not empty. By pressing the "yes" button when the alert appears, the nonsummary criteria can be copied.

25       The third indicator criteria comprises the project summary **840**. This option allows the user to enter conditions for displaying graphical indicators for project summary rows. The project summary edit options can be disabled when the "Project summary inherits criteria from the summary rows" checkbox **835** is cleared. This checkbox **835** can determine if the same set of indicators and test criteria that apply to the summary tasks will be applied to the project summary

tasks. This checkbox **835** can be checked by default, so any summary criteria can be automatically copied. If the checkbox **835** is cleared, the grid and buttons can be enabled as described above for summary rows. If the checkbox **835** is re-checked and the grid is not empty, the same inheritance alert as discussed above can be displayed.

5 The "Cut Row" **845**, "Copy Row" **850**, "Paste Row" **855**, "Insert Row" **860**, and "Delete Row" **865** can be applied to edit the graphical indicator criteria. These options can be disabled. The move indicator **870** represents a "move" function for moving the row with the current selection up or down within the grid. The condition tests are applied in the order they are listed and the graphical indicator for the first successful test is the one used. The move **870** can be disabled whenever the grid is disabled. By choosing the "Show data values in ToolTips" checkbox **875** when the user hovers the mouse over a custom field cell with a graphical indicator, a ToolTip is displayed containing an actual data value. This option can be turned on by default.

15 The "Import Indicator Criteria" **885** can copy the indicator criteria from another custom field in the same or another project. This option will cause a separate screen to be displayed showing the "Import Indicator Criteria" dialog box. This dialog box allows a user to copy the indicator criteria lists from another custom field or another project. The user can enter the project file name, and either a task or resource field type. The user can also enter the field. Only the criteria for enabled grids can be copied. For example, if criteria is imported while both the "Summary rows inherit criteria from nonsummary rows" checkbox **830** and "Project summary inherits criteria from summary rows" checkbox **835** are unchecked, only nonsummary criteria can be imported, because that is the only enabled grid. If the data type of the imported criteria is incorrect for the current field, the type mismatch will be flagged.

25 The entry bar **896** can display the ID number of the highlighted graphical indicator. Pressing "OK" **890** commits any changes or additions and proceeds to step **310** for validation of the data. Pressing "Cancel" **895** can return the user to the screen of **FIG. 7**. Pressing "Help" **880** can provide the user with help information.

30 As mentioned above, the graphical indicator criteria comprises data defined by three data columns: test, value, and image. The test column **805** can indicate the test being applied. Clicking a cell in this column can switch the cell to an in-place drop-down menu with choices such as: equal, does not equal, is greater than, is greater than or equal to, is less than, is less than



or equal to, is within, is not within, contains, does not contain, contains exactly, is any value, etc. If conflicting test conditions or data ranges are specified, the order in which the tests are listed in the grid can determine which one takes precedence (and the move buttons can be used to rearrange that order). The list is read and applied in top-to-bottom order and processing is halted as soon as a test evaluates to true. If there are overlapping or conflicting tests conditions further down the list, they have no impact on the previous conditions that have already been applied.

In the value column **810**, the user enters the values that the field contents are to be tested against. The user can also click a field from the list to compare its contents with the contents of the custom field. Values must match the type of field they are being tested against. For example, if the user is specifying conditions for a cost custom field, the user cannot use Finish Date in the value field.

An alert is displayed if the value specified is the wrong data type for the current custom field or if an invalid field name is referenced (e.g.[actual Kost]). Pressing "OK" in the alert returns the user to the cell in the values column that contains the problem.

Clicking on a cell in the image column **815** can switch the cell to an in-place dropdown that contains the available graphical indicators. The graphical indicators can include bubbles, boxes, flags, check marks, dashes, plus signs, diamonds, arrows, and other symbols. The graphical indicators can be displayed based on the column alignment (left, center, or right) specified in the align data option in the sheet for that column.

When graphical indicators are turned on for a custom field, it can be in a separate mode, so only graphical indicators and not data can be shown (except when editing an item). If there are values in the field that do not require a graphical indicator, a blank cell can be shown. The ToolTips, if enabled, can show the data for a blank cell.

**FIG. 8** displays the nonsummary user-entered conditions for the above project management example. The user can enter indicator criteria for nonsummary rows **820**. For the first row **801**, the user enters the test of "is less than or equal to", the value of "500.00" and the image of a smiley face. For the second row **802**, the user enters the test of "is greater than", the value of "500.00", and the image of a frowny face.

**FIG. 9** is a representative screen display showing the summary user-entered conditions for the above project management example. On this screen, the user has entered indicator criteria for summary rows **905**. In this example, for the first row **910**, the user enters the test of "is less

than or equal to", the value of "1,000.00", and the image of a check mark. For the second row 915, the user enters the test of "is greater than", the value of "1,000.00", and the image of an X mark.

At this point, the data is validated as set forth in step 310 of FIG. 3. This is done by validating the conditions set by the user. If an error is found in this validation, the UI 250 is redisplayed, highlighting the graphical indicator conditions that contain an error, and thus cannot be converted into structures. If there are no errors, or once the errors are fixed, the text is then converted into structures as set forth in step 315 of FIG. 3. At this point, the engine 210 stores the structures and the associated graphical indicator IDs as set forth in step 320 of FIG. 3. The display 220 will get a request to show the project data. The display 220 will loop through the user's project data, which is normally displayed in a spreadsheet like grid of rows and columns, and will determine whether to write textual data or draw a graphical indicator in each cell as set forth in step 325 of FIG. 3.

FIG. 10 is a screen display showing an exemplary embodiment of the present invention, using project management data present in a grid format. There is a graphical indicator for each custom field. Cell 1005 is a default field (the Task Name field), thus there is no graphical indicator flag, so the data "King Family" would be displayed. When the display 220 moves to cell 1007 in the "School Cost" column (a custom field) for the data "\$2,000.00", it asks if there is a flag, as set forth in step 630 of FIG. 6, and gets a "yes." Because of the flag, the display 220 sends the engine 210 the task type (summary) and the actual cost value (\$2,000.00), as set forth in steps 640, 650, and 660 of FIG. 6. Because the task type is a summary type, the display 220 will get the summary conditions that the user set up as set forth in FIG. 9.

The engine 210 now gets the first graphical indicator condition for the summary tasks which is "School Cost is less than or equal to \$1000.00" 910 as set forth in FIG. 9. The engine 210 starts at the top of the list of conditions, compares the data, and continues until it finds a match as set forth in step 670 of FIG. 6. In this example, the engine 210 will find that the "\$2,000.00" for "School Cost" does not fit within the criteria for a check mark (is less than or equal to \$1,000.00). Because there is no match, the engine 210 goes to the next summary condition "is greater than \$1,000.00" 915. Because there is a match, the engine 210 takes the associated indicator ID for a X mark (for example "3") and returns it to the display 220, as set forth in step 675 of FIG. 6. If there is no match when the comparison is executed by the engine

210, the display 220 goes back and asks if there are more conditions and repeats the comparison step until the engine 210 gets a match as set forth in step 660 and 670 of FIG. 6.

The display 220 looks up the graphical indicator that matches the ID "3", sees that it needs to paint an X mark, and paints the X mark as set forth in step 680 of FIG. 6.

5 This same test is applied for the 5th row cells 1010 named "McDowell Family" and the 8th row cells 1015 named "Moon Family." Because the data entered for the "School Cost" for the "McDowell Family" is "800.00", a check mark is displayed. Similarly, because the data entered for the "School Cost" of the "Moon Family" is "1500.00", an X mark is displayed.

10 The same type of analysis applies to the nonsummary rows. Rows 2-4, 6-7, and 9-10 are all nonsummary rows, and are thus indented on the chart. The graphical indicator conditions that the data in these rows are subject to follow the conditions set up in FIG. 8. In the 2<sup>nd</sup> row cells 1020, the "School Cost " for "Dennis" is "600.00". Thus, following the criteria the user entered for the nonsummary rows, a frowny face is displayed. Rows 3-4, 6-7, and 9-10 similarly display either a smiley face or a frowny face depending on whether the data value is less than or equal to or greater than \$500.00.

15 The user can use the hover option to hover the mouse pointer over the images of the check marks, X marks, smiley faces, and frowny faces. When the mouse pointer is hovered over the images, the underlying numeric data will be displayed.

20 The user also has the option to enter conditions and graphical indicators that are much more complicated than the above conditions. In addition to the numerous graphical indicators available in the current embodiment, the user has the option to enter clip art or other customized images.

25 The present invention has been described in relation to particular embodiments which are intended in all respects to be illustrative rather than restrictive. Alternative embodiments will become apparent to those skilled in the art to which the present invention pertains without departing from its spirit and scope. Accordingly, the scope of the present invention is defined by the appended claims rather than the foregoing description.

## Claims

What is claimed is:

1. A computer-implemented system for displaying graphical indicators instead of data in a field, comprising:

a user interface for generating condition structures in response to receiving graphical indicator conditions, the condition structures defining a relationship between the data, the graphical indicator conditions, and the corresponding graphical indicators;

a graphical indicator engine, responsive to the graphical indicator conditions in the condition structures for the field for comparing the data to the graphical indicator conditions, the graphical indicator engine operative to output a display signal in response to the graphical condition matching the data; and

a display, responsive to the display signal, for replacing the data in the field with the graphical indicator identified by the condition structure.

2. The system of claim 1, wherein the display comprises a memory storage for storing information that determines whether a field is capable of supporting display of graphical indicators.

3. The system of claim 1, wherein the graphical indicator engine comprises a memory storage for storing the condition structures and associated graphical indicator IDs that determine the graphical indicators to be displayed.

4. The computer-implemented method for displaying graphical indicators instead of data in a field, comprising the steps of:

obtaining a display signal and graphical indicator conditions that determine when to display graphical indicators;

5 converting the graphical indicator conditions into condition structures that define a relationship between the data, the graphical indicator conditions, and the corresponding graphical indicators;

comparing the data to the graphical indicator conditions retrieved from the condition structures to determine if there is a match; and

10 displaying the graphical indicator or the data depending on the outcome of the data compared to the graphical indicator conditions.

5. The method of claim 4, wherein the step of obtaining graphical indicator conditions further comprises the steps of:

15

requesting an option to set the graphical indicator conditions;

displaying graphical indicator condition options from which the user can choose;

determining if the condition structures exist by checking a memory storage;

converting the existing condition structures back into graphical indicator condition text;

20

displaying the graphical indicator condition text so that the user can understand the existing graphical indicator conditions; and

modifying the graphical indicator conditions by allowing the user to change or add to the existing graphical indicator condition text.

6. The method claim 5, wherein the step of modifying the graphical indicator conditions further comprises the step of:

25

determining if a user is finished entering the graphical indicator conditions by asking the user to indicate when the user is finished.

7. The method of claim 4, wherein the step of comparing the data to the graphical indicator conditions further comprises the step of:

30

comparing the data in a prioritized order.

8. The method of claim 4, wherein the step of displaying the graphical indicator or the data includes the steps of:

determining if there are more fields to test whether to display the graphical indicators;

filling a cache with the display signal that indicates whether to display a graphical indicator; and

for each field, displaying text data or a graphical indicator based on the display signal in the cache.

9. The method of claim 8, wherein said step of determining if there are more fields comprises the steps of:

determining if there are more rows by asking if there is another row in a grid of data; and

determining if there are more columns by asking if there is another column in each row in the grid of data.

10. The method of claim 8, wherein said step of filling a cache with the display signal comprises the steps of:

determining if the cache exists;

creating the cache if the cache does not exist; and

filling the cache with the display signal indicating whether or not graphical indicators should be displayed in the field.

11. The method of claim 8, wherein said step of displaying text data or a graphical indicator comprises the steps of:

determining if the field is a task field or resource field by obtaining a field type;

obtaining the task type of the task field or the resource type of the resource field;

determining the graphical indicator conditions for the task type or resource type;

storing the graphical indicator conditions;

allowing the user to add more graphical indicator conditions;

comparing the data values to the graphical indicator conditions to find a matching graphical indicator ID;

retrieving the matching graphical indicator ID; and

displaying the graphical indicator associated with the matching graphical indicator ID.

12. The method of claim 11, wherein said task type comprises a project summary task type, a summary task type, and a nonsummary task type and said resource type comprises a summary resource type and a nonsummary resource type.

13. The method of claim 11, wherein the step of determining the graphical indicator conditions for the task type comprises obtaining task conditions for the project summary task type, the summary task type, and the nonsummary task type and the step of determining the graphical indicator conditions for the resource type comprises obtaining resource conditions for the summary resource type and the nonsummary resource type.

14. The method of claim 4, further comprising the step of:  
validating the graphical indicator conditions.

15. The method of claim 14, wherein the step of validating the graphical indicator conditions includes the steps of:

validating test data by determining if the test data equals a pre-defined operation;

validating value data by determining if the value data is a legitimate field name or legitimate data; and

validating image data by determining if the image data is equal to pre-defined image data.

16. The method of claim 15, wherein the step of validating the value data comprises the steps of:

determining if the value data is a field name or data;

if the value data is a field name, determining if the field type is legitimate; and

if the value data is data, determining if the data is legitimate.

17. The method of claim 14, wherein the step of validating the graphical indicator conditions further comprises the step of:

displaying an error message when an error is found in the graphical indicator conditions.

18. The method of claim 4, further comprising the step of:  
storing the condition structures and the associated graphical indicator IDs that determine the graphical indicators to be displayed.

5

19. The method of claim 4, further comprising the step of:  
displaying the data when hovering over the graphical indicators.

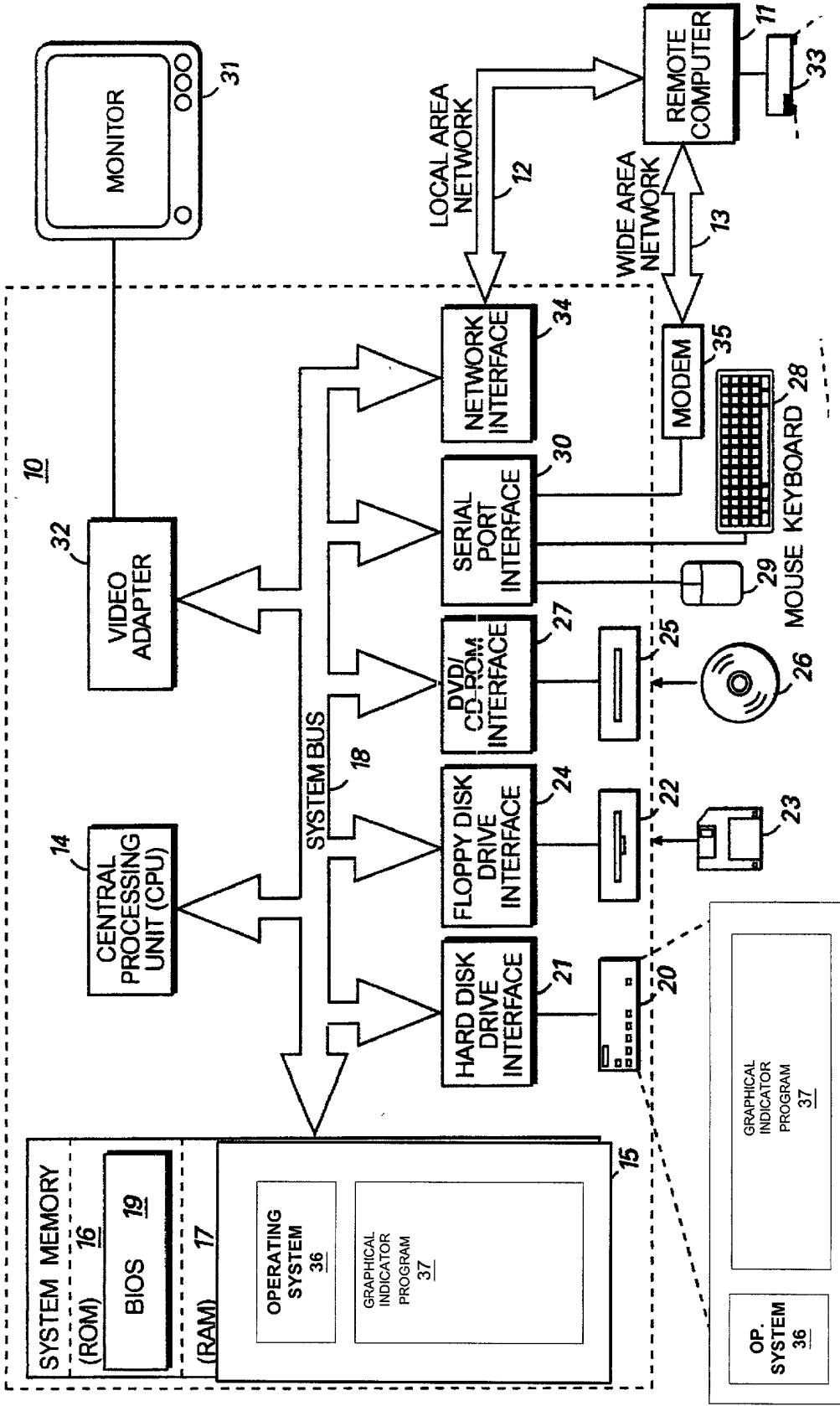


## Method and System for Displaying an Image instead of Data

### Abstract of the Disclosure

5       Displaying graphical indicators, instead of data, based on user-defined conditions. The user can specify conditions for displaying graphical indicators instead of actual data by specifying a test, values, and an image. The graphical indicators can be pre-assigned images that are dynamically applied based on the underlying text or numeric data values. Graphical indicators allow the user to visually represent data types or categories with graphics, based on the user's conditions. Different conditions can be specified for a given data field and each condition

10       can be associated with a particular graphical indicator. Prioritized processing of data conditions allow for complex control of which indicator will be displayed to visually represent the data. When the underlying data in a field changes, the criteria can be reapplied and the field dynamically updated to the appropriate indicator.



**FIG. 1**

200

250

USER INTERFACE

210

MEMORY  
STORAGE

215

GRAPHICAL INDICATOR ENGINE

MEMORY  
STORAGE

220

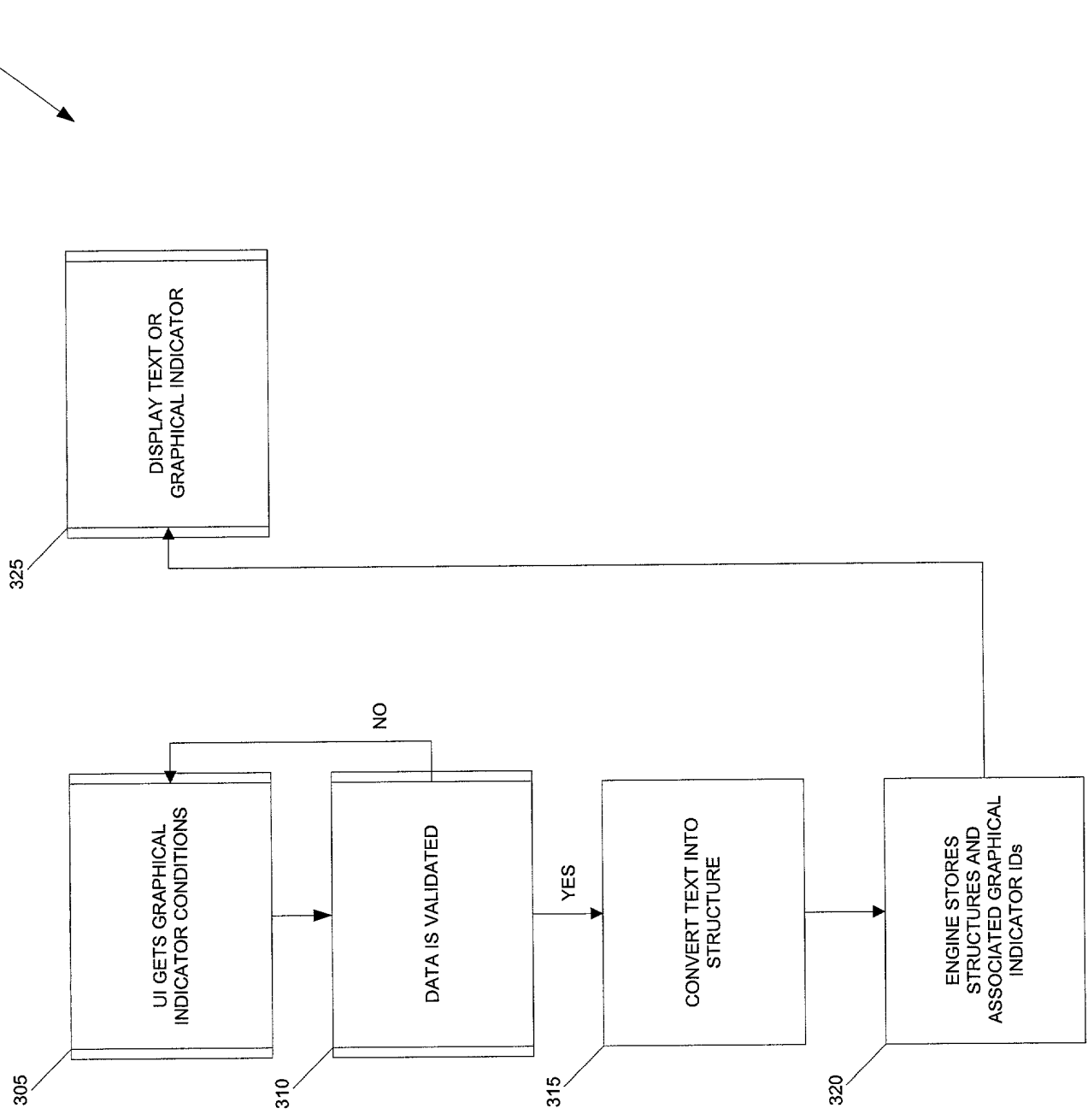
225

DISPLAY

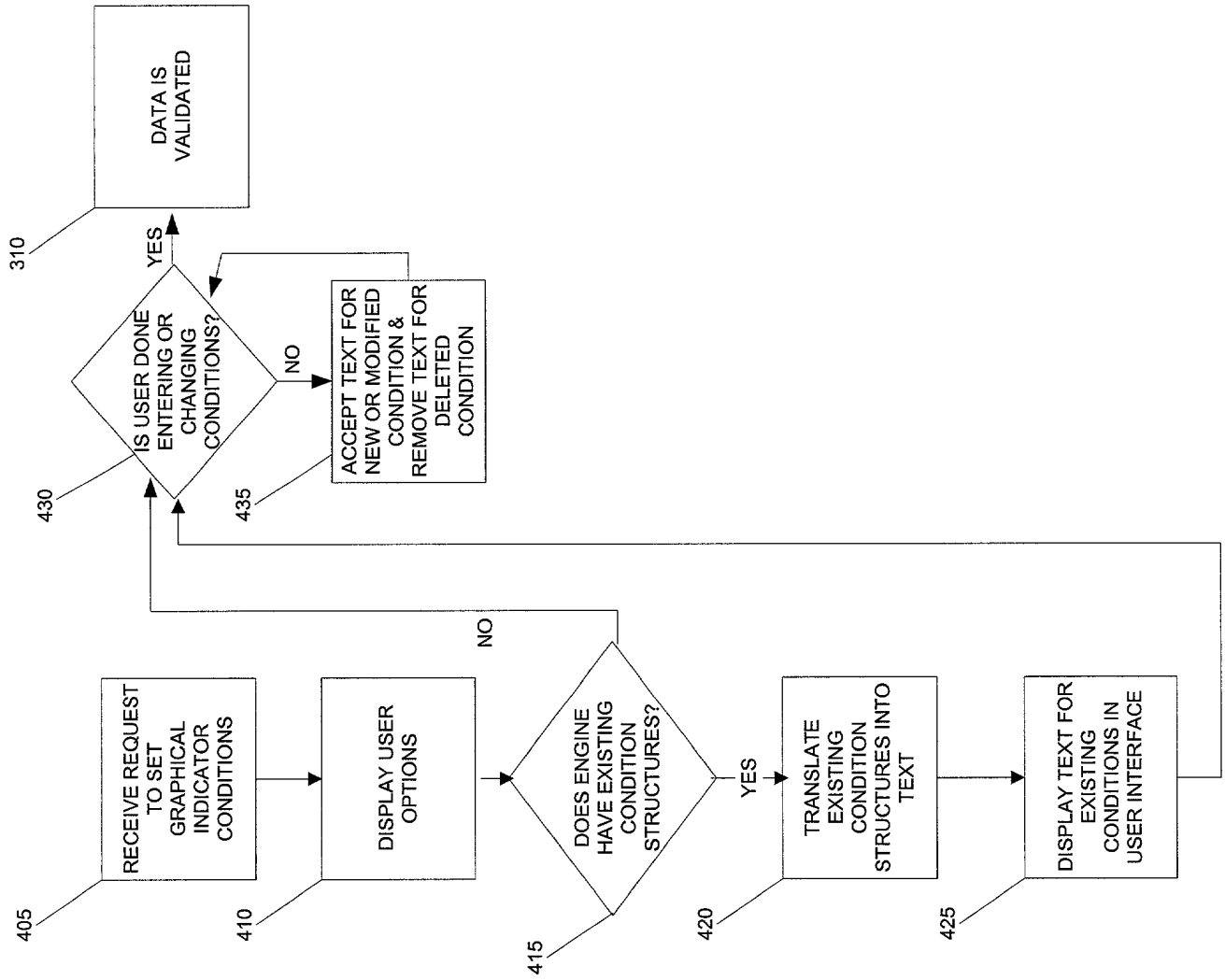
**FIG. 2**

FIG. 3

FIG. 3

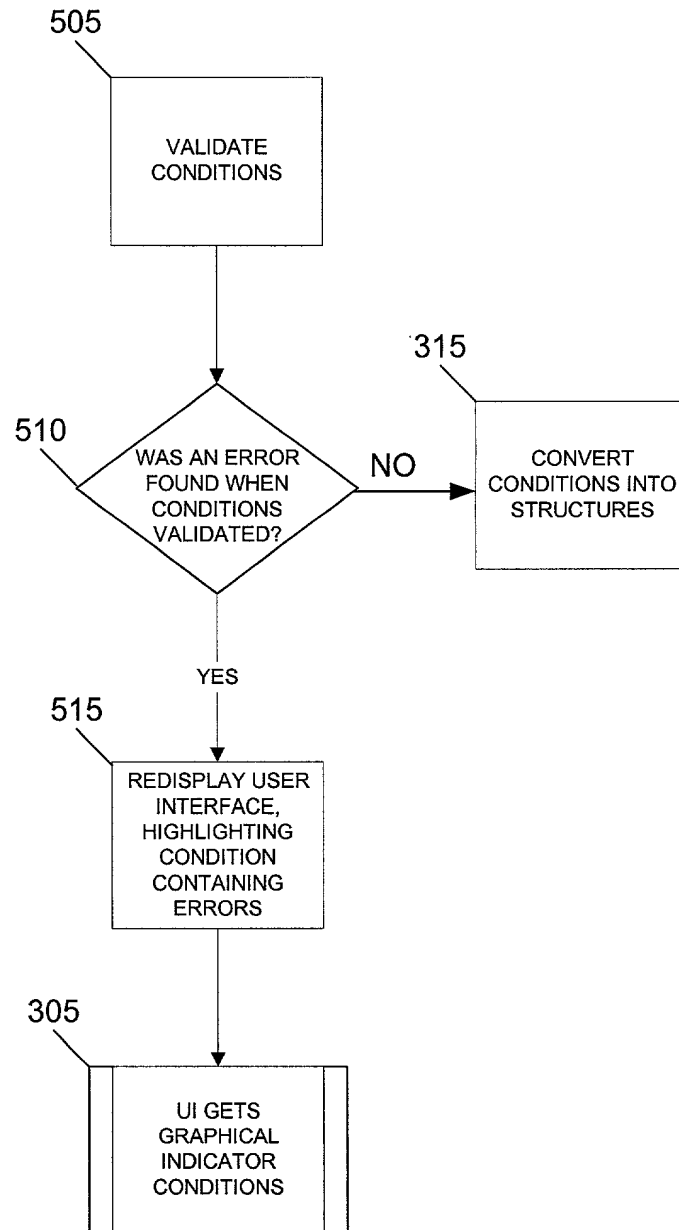


**FIG. 4**



**FIG. 5**

310





**FIG. 7**

700

705

710

730

720

715

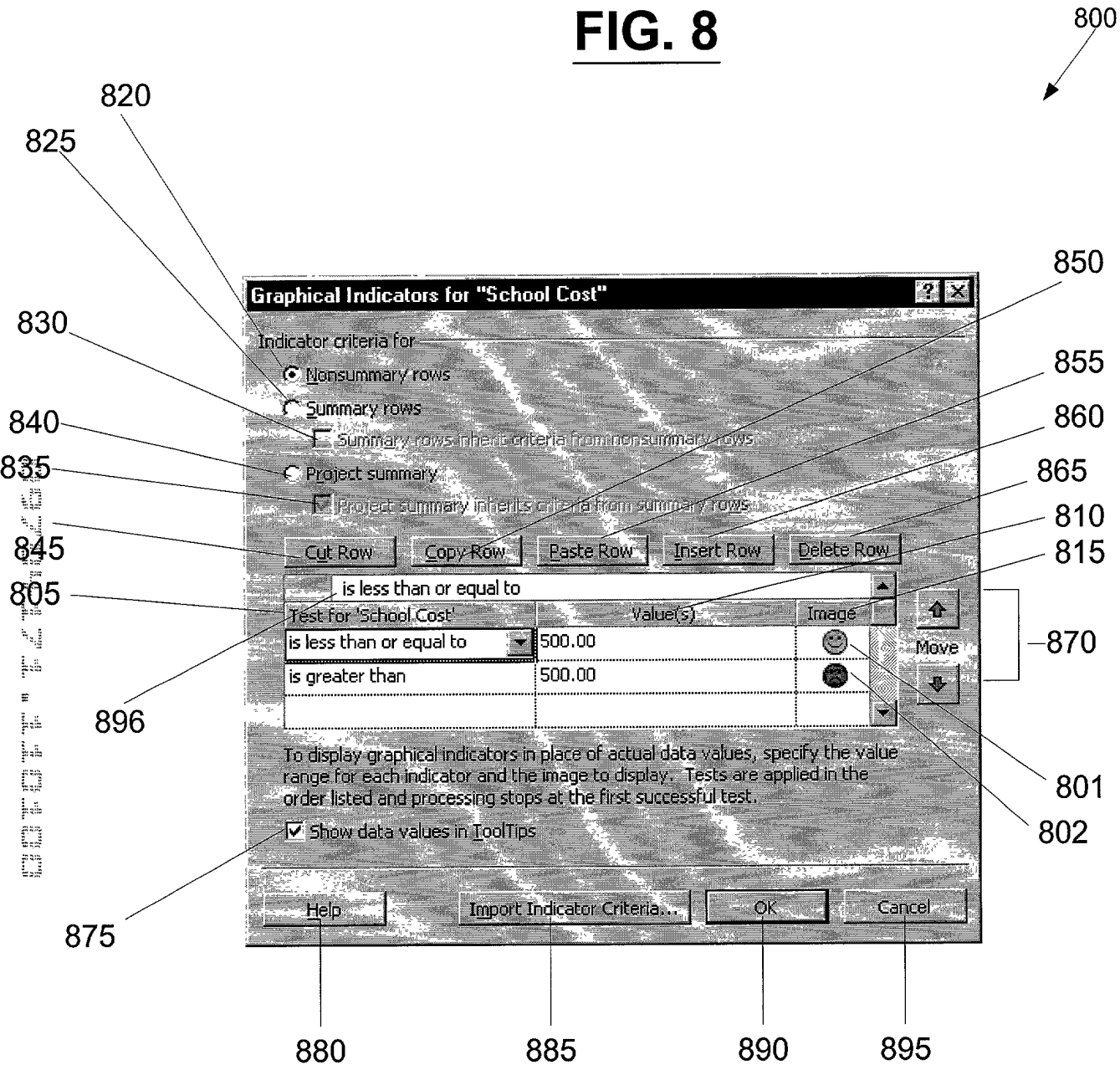
725

The image shows a 'Customize Fields' dialog box with the following elements:

- Title Bar:** 'Customize Fields' with standard window controls.
- Field Section:**
  - Radio buttons for 'Task' (selected) and 'Resource'.
  - 'Type:' dropdown menu set to 'Number'.
  - List box containing: 'School Cost (Number1)', 'Number2', 'Number3', 'Number4', 'Number5', 'Number6', 'Number7', 'Number8', 'Number9', 'Number10', and 'Number11'. 'School Cost (Number1)' is selected.
- Buttons:** 'Rename...' and 'Define Outline Code...' are located below the list box.
- Custom attributes:**
  - Radio buttons for 'None' (selected), 'Value List...', and 'Formula...'.
- Calculation for task and group summary rows:**
  - Radio buttons for 'None' (selected), 'Rollup:' (with a dropdown set to 'Maximum'), and 'Use formula'.
- Values to display:**
  - Radio buttons for 'Data' and 'Graphical Indicators...' (selected).
- Footer:** 'Help', 'OK', and 'Cancel' buttons.



FIG. 8



**FIG. 9**

900

**Graphical Indicators for "School Cost"**

Indicator criteria for

☐ Nonsummary rows

☒ Summary rows

☐ Summary rows inherit criteria from nonsummary rows

☐ Project summary

☐ Project summary inherits criteria from summary rows

Cut Row Copy Row Paste Row Insert Row Delete Row

Test for 'School Cost'	Value(s)	Image
is less than or equal to		
is less than or equal to	1,000.00	✓
is greater than	1,000.00	✗

To display graphical indicators in place of actual data values, specify the value range for each indicator and the image to display. Tests are applied in the order listed and processing stops at the first successful test.

☒ Show data values in ToolTips

Help Import Indicator Criteria... OK Cancel

905

910

915

**FIG. 10**

1000

1005

1007

1020  
1010  
1015

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Project interface. The task list is as follows:

Task ID	Task Name	School Cost	Duration	Start	Finish	Predecessors	Resource Names
1	King Family	X	196 days	Wed 9/1/99	Wed 5/31/00		
2	Dennis	☹	196 days	Wed 9/1/99	Wed 5/31/00		
3	Joan	☹	196 days	Wed 9/1/99	Wed 5/31/00		
4	Marylee	☹	196 days	Wed 9/1/99	Wed 5/31/00		
5	McDowell Family	✓	196 days	Wed 9/1/99	Wed 5/31/00		
6	Terri	☹	196 days	Wed 9/1/99	Wed 5/31/00		
7	Andrew	☹	196 days	Wed 9/1/99	Wed 5/31/00		
8	Moon Family	X	196 days	Wed 9/1/99	Wed 5/31/00		
9	Elizabeth	☹	196 days	Wed 9/1/99	Wed 5/31/00		
10	Nate	☹	196 days	Wed 9/1/99	Wed 5/31/00		

Callouts in the image point to the following elements:

- 1000: Points to the top of the task list area.
- 1005: Points to the 'Task Name' column header.
- 1007: Points to the 'Duration' column header.
- 1020: Points to the 'Task Name' column.
- 1010: Points to the 'Duration' column.
- 1015: Points to the 'Start' column.

**DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY**Attorney's Docket No. **06576.105026** (MS #150515.1)In re Application of: **Jeffrey R. Aamodt, David E. Levin, Darius Snapkauskas, Brett A. Bentsen**

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name. I believe I am a original, first and joint inventor of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: **Method and System for Displaying an Image Instead of Data**, the specification of which is attached hereto.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above. I do not know and do not believe that the same was ever known or used by others in the United States of America before my or our invention thereof, or patented or described in any printed publication in any country before my or our invention thereof or more than one year prior to the date of this application. I further state that the invention was not in public use or on sale in the United States of America more than one year prior to the date of this application. *I understand that I have a duty of candor and good faith toward the Patent and Trademark Office*, and I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 (a)-(d) of the foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below, and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate disclosing subject matter in common with the above-identified specification and having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

<u>Application No.</u>	<u>Country</u>	<u>Filing Date</u>	<u>Priority Claimed Under 35 USC §119</u>
None			Yes _____ No <u>X</u> _____

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

<u>(Application No.)</u>	<u>(Filing Date)</u>	<u>(Application No.)</u>	<u>(Filing Date)</u>

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter disclosed and claimed in the present application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

<u>Application Serial No.</u>	<u>Filing Date</u>	<u>Status: patented, pending, abandoned</u>
None		

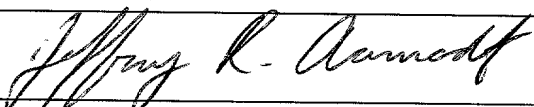
I further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statement were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patents issuing thereon.

POWER OF ATTORNEY: The following are hereby appointed to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith: Sherry M. Knowles-33,052; W. Scott Petty-35,645; Clark G. Sullivan-36,942; Steven P. Wigmore-40,447; Curtis L. Doster-41,714; Charles Vorndran-45,315; Katie E. Sako-32,628; Daniel D. Crouse-32,022; Lisa Norton-44,977.

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Full name of first inventor: Jeffrey R. Aamodt	Citizenship: USA
Inventor's signature 	Date: 10/31/2000
Residence and Post Office Address: 19303 SE 24 <sup>th</sup> Way, Sammamish, WA 98075	

**DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY**Attorney's Docket No. **06576.105026** (MS #150515.1)In re Application of: **Jeffrey R. Aamodt, David E. Levin, Darius Snapkauskas, Brett A. Bentsen**

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name. I believe I am a original, first and joint inventor of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: **Method and System for Displaying an Image Instead of Data**, the specification of which is attached hereto.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above. I do not know and do not believe that the same was ever known or used by others in the United States of America before my or our invention thereof, or patented or described in any printed publication in any country before my or our invention thereof or more than one year prior to the date of this application. I further state that the invention was not in public use or on sale in the United States of America more than one year prior to the date of this application. *I understand that I have a duty of candor and good faith toward the Patent and Trademark Office*, and I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 (a)-(d) of the foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below, and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate disclosing subject matter in common with the above-identified specification and having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

<u>Application No.</u>	<u>Country</u>	<u>Filing Date</u>	<u>Priority Claimed Under 35 USC §119</u>
None			Yes _____ No <u>X</u>

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

<u>(Application No.)</u>	<u>(Filing Date)</u>	<u>(Application No.)</u>	<u>(Filing Date)</u>

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter disclosed and claimed in the present application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

<u>Application Serial No.</u>	<u>Filing Date</u>	<u>Status: patented, pending, abandoned</u>
None		


I further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statement were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patents issuing thereon.

POWER OF ATTORNEY: The following are hereby appointed to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith: Sherry M. Knowles-33,052; W. Scott Petty-35,645; Clark G. Sullivan-36,942; Steven P. Wigmore-40,447; Curtis L. Doster-41,714; Charles Vorndran-45,315; Katie E. Sako-32,628; Daniel D. Crouse-32,022; Lisa Norton-44,977.

Send correspondence to: **King & Spalding**  
191 Peachtree Street, N.E., 45<sup>th</sup> Floor  
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Direct telephone calls at **(404) 572-4600**

W. Scott Petty

Full name of first inventor: David E. Levin	Citizenship: USA
Inventor's signature 	Date: 10/31/2000
Residence and Post Office Address: 16227 Northup Way, Apt. B101, Bellevue, WA 98008	

**DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY**Attorney's Docket No. **06576.105026** (MS #150515.1)In re Application of: **Jeffrey R. Aamodt, David E. Levin, Darius Snapkauskas, Brett A. Bentsen**

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name. I believe I am a original, first and joint inventor of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: **Method and System for Displaying an Image Instead of Data**, the specification of which is attached hereto.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above. I do not know and do not believe that the same was ever known or used by others in the United States of America before my or our invention thereof, or patented or described in any printed publication in any country before my or our invention thereof or more than one year prior to the date of this application. I further state that the invention was not in public use or on sale in the United States of America more than one year prior to the date of this application. *I understand that I have a duty of candor and good faith toward the Patent and Trademark Office*, and I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 (a)-(d) of the foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below, and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate disclosing subject matter in common with the above-identified specification and having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

<u>Application No.</u>	<u>Country</u>	<u>Filing Date</u>	<u>Priority Claimed Under 35 USC §119</u>
None			Yes _____ No <u>X</u>

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

<u>(Application No.)</u>	<u>(Filing Date)</u>	<u>(Application No.)</u>	<u>(Filing Date)</u>

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter disclosed and claimed in the present application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

<u>Application Serial No.</u>	<u>Filing Date</u>	<u>Status: patented, pending, abandoned</u>
None		

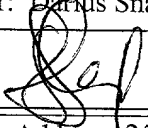
I further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statement were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patents issuing thereon.

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W. Scott Petty

Full name of first inventor: <u>Darius Snapkauskas</u>	Citizenship: <u>Lithuania</u>
Inventor's signature: 	Date: <u>10/31/2000</u>
Residence and Post Office Address: <u>25235 SE Klahanie Blvd. Apt. D303 Issaquah WA 98029</u>	

**DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY**Attorney's Docket No. **06576.105026** (MS #150515.1)In re Application of: **Jeffrey R. Aamodt, David E. Levin, Darius Snapkauskas, Brett A. Bentsen**

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<u>Application No.</u>	<u>Country</u>	<u>Filing Date</u>	<u>Priority Claimed Under 35 USC §119</u>
None			Yes _____ No <u>X</u>

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

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<u>Application Serial No.</u>	<u>Filing Date</u>	<u>Status: patented, pending, abandoned</u>
None		

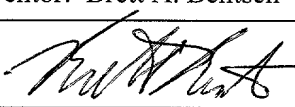
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W. Scott Petty

Full name of first inventor: Brett A. Bentsen	Citizenship: USA
Inventor's signature 	Date: 10/31/2000
Residence and Post Office Address: 16024 NE 44 <sup>th</sup> Ct., Redmond, WA 98052	